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COMMONWEALTH BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS,

SECRET
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SURVEY OF MANPOWER AND EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS (Including Numbers in Armed Forces)

APRIL, 1944.

NOTE: As this memorandum contains secret data as to Defence Forces and total manpower position, its circulation is limited to a small list of officers who have occasion to use it. Numbers in Defence Forces must not be published in any way and the document must be carefully safeguarded.

Summary of Contents

1. Total Porsons Occupied (including Forces).

2. Total Manpower in Forces and Wago and Salary Earning Employment (excluding Rural and Household Domestic).

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1. TOTAL PERSONS OCCUPIED (FORCES AND CIVILIANS)

Total males and females occupied in the Forces and in civil work at June, 1943, (based on the Civil Registration C.R.7) are shown below in comparison with figures for July 1939 (based on National Register) and with figures for July 1941 and June 1942 based largely on Pay-Rell Tax data (first obtained in July 1941) combined with statistics of enlistments. Figures shown in parenthesis have been interpolated on available evidence.

TABLE 1. AUSTRALIA : OCCUPIED PERSONS (INCLUDING FORCES)

		The state of the s	Application of the contraction o	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF T	ett poittetimistetionen spilleren in trivislerinis inter materiologistetische et talvel (n. 17 februaristetische) A	THE COMMENTARY RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF T	CONTRACTOR	
		1.		3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
End of	Month -	Forces (Gress on- listments less dis- charges(a)	Employers, Solf Em- ployed & Rural Helpers(b)	nleyous pleyous at work	Unom- ployed (All causes)	Total Broad- Winnors	Broad- winnors normally available for work	Persons not normally seeking oc-cupation who have become breadwinners
			MAI	ES (THOU	SANDS)			
July,	1939	12.9	599.0	1495.1	264.0	2371.0	2371.0	100
July,	1941	334.0	(492.0)	1551.4	(80.0)	(2457.4)	2407.4	(50.0)
Juno,	1942	624.3	(c)	1455.0	26.5	(c)	2426.6	(c)
June,	1943	693.5	407.0	1399.1	19.5	2519.1	2445.8	73.3
March,	1944	679.6	422.0	1399.1	19.5	2520.2	2460.2	60.0
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	A STATE OF THE STA	FEMA.	LES (THO	USANDS)			
July,	1939	be	78.0	565.6	34.0	677.6	677.6	tods
July,	1941	-	(70.8)	654.5	(20.0)	(745.3)	691.0	(54.3)
Juno,	1942	16.5	(63.9)	685.8	7.0	(773.2)	699.4	(73.8)
Juno,	1943	44.7	46.1	710.2	6.3	807.3	708.0	99.3
March,	1944	49.1	46.1	719.0	6.3	820.5	714.0	106.5
			TOT		SANDS)	ppend digar it is the control of the	учинательных энтикот католентический накочности.	ty enthus cap at their structure surrepression property in consistence in the construction of the construction
July,	1939	12.9	677.0	2060.7	298.0	3048.6	3048.6	D-16"
July,	1941	334.0	(562.8)	2205.9	(100.0)	(3202.7)	3098.4	(104.3)
Juno,	1942	640.8	(c)	2140.8	33.5	(c)	3126.0	(c)
Juno,	1943	738.2	453.1	2109.3	25.8	3326.4	3153.8	172.6
March,	1944	728.7	468.1	2118.1	25.8	3340.7	3174.2	166.5
(a) Seo	Note (b) to Table 2	. (b) Tho	fow "hol	pers" in	non-rural	industries	have been

(a) Soo Note (b) to Table 2. (b) The few "helpers" in non-rural industries have been treated as "employees". Male helpers in rural industry are included with employers and solf-employed, while female unpaid helpers in rural industry are not included as occupied persons. They are considered to be largely engaged in home demostic duties. (c) Not available.

Combining columns 1, 2 and 3, it is seen that the total number of persons occupied in all capacities in the forces and in civilian work increased from 2,750,600 in July 1939 to 3,300,600 in June 1943, that is by 550,000. Between June 1943 and March 1944 the total further increased by 14,300.

Total Persons Occupied in Work or Forces : Australia.

		July 1939	June 1943	March 1944	<u>Increase</u> 1939-44
Males Females	9 e	1000 2,107.0 643.6	*000 2,499.6 801.0	1000 2,500.7 814.2	1000 393.7 170.6
To	tal:	2,750.6	3,300.6	3,314,9	564.3

The sources of this increase in number of persons occupied were as follows:-

Sources of Increase in Persons Occupied in Work or Forces: Australia July 1939 to March 1944.

			Malos	Fomales	Total
			1000	1000	1000
			244.5	27.7	272.2
Column	6.	Normal increase in number of breadwinners			
		17 17 0	89.2	36.4	125.6
Column	7.	Abnormal or war-time increase in number			
		of persons occupied in work or forces	60.0	106.5	166.5
		Total Incroaso:	393.7	170.6	564.3

The abnormal or war-time increase in number of persons occupied in work or forces (Column 7, Table 1) are persons who had returned to work after retirement, persons who would normally have retired but delayed their retirement, and persons who would not, but for war conditions, have entered into employment or forces. During the nine menths ended March, 1944 the number of persons in this category has declined, the decrease in the males mere than effecting the increase in the females. Total accupied male broadwinners (including forces) increased by only 1,100 during the period and, with a normal accession of 14,400 becoming available, there was thus a decrease of 13,300 (or 1,500 per menth) in males who became breadwinners in war-time. Females occupied as breadwinners increased by 13,200 from June, 1943 to March, 1944 and, with a normal accession of 6,000 becoming available, there was thus an increase of 7,200 (or 800 per menth) in females who became breadwinners as a result of war-time conditions.

The employer and self-employed group (column 2, Tablo 1) shows a heavy declino during the war due to enlistments in the forces and transfers to wage-earning occupations.

Sufficient data are not available to prosent the foregoing complete analysis at menthly intervals. The remainder of this survey deals with menthly figures for enlistments and wage and salary earners in employment (excluding rural and household demostic

2. FORCES AND WAGE AND SALARY EARNERS IN EMPLOYMENT (Excluding Rural and Housohold Domostic)

The main features of the April 1944 figures (as shown in Table 2) may be summarized as follows:-

Males: Compared with the previous menth, there was a not reduction in males enlisted in the Ferces in April of 5,100, while males employed in non-rural industry showed a decrease of 4,700. During the year ended April, 1944, males in the Ferces or employed in non-rural industry decreased by 19,300, the Ferces showing a not decrease of 12,200 and non-rural employment a net decrease of 7,100. Preliminary data show that numbers of male wage and salary earners engaged in rural industry decreased ever the year ended March, 1944, by about 1,000 but there was an increase in the numbers of ewners, sharefarmers, etc.

Fomalos: The not number of females in the Forces decreased by 100 in April, 1944, compared with an average menthly increase of 600 during the twolve menths ended April, and civil employment (other than rural and household demostic) decreased by 3,400 in the menth compared with an average increase of 600 during the twolve menths ended April, 1944. There was no change in the numbers of female wage and salary earners employed in rural industry over the year ended March, 1944.

Table 2 shows, as at the ond of July 1939, July 1941, November 1941, November 1942, and recent menths, the estimated number of persons employed as wage and salary earners in industry (excluding rural and household demostic) and net enlistments in the Defence Forces. "Net Enlistments" represents the net number of persons taken into Defence Forces and net subsequently discharged into civil life and includes the permanent Defence Forces as well as members of forces who have died, or who are prisoners of war or missing.

TABLE 2. AUSTRALIA - Wage Earners Employed (excluding rural industry and females in private domestic service) and Total Net

Enlistments in Defence Forces.
(Thousands)

	Wago Ea	rners E	Employed	Total	not E	Inlist-	Total (excludi	ng wago
	in Indus					Dofonce		rs in r	
End of Month -		and hou				Subject	industry and household		
		ostic)			Revisio		1 0		
	Mo	F.	es calcular painter that tanking our descendance freed one absolute and		continuentalistic Extra Nicconstitution	And in contrast of the last of	and a residence of the section of th	tic son	SERVICE CHARLES IN ALL SANDAMENTS AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE CASE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE CA
	T/T 0	T. ·	T.	М.	F.	T.	М.	F.	T.
1939 - July	1,293.1	437.1	1,730.2	12.9	-	12.9	1,306.0	437.1	1,743.1
1941 - July	1,363.4	548.5	1,911.9	334.0	0.2	334.2	1,697.4	548.7	2,246.1
Novombor	1,381.3	571.0	1,952.3	391.4	3.6	395.0	1,772.7	574.6	2,347.3
1942 - Novomber	1,288.2	612.0	1,900.2	664.3	30.2	694.5	1,952.5	642.2	2,594.7
1943 - March	1,285.3	628.0	1,913.3	682.3	40.3	722.6	1,967.6	668.3	2,635.9
April	1,277.3	629.9	1,907.2	686.7	41.8	728.5	1,964.0	671.7	2,635.7
Juno	1,273.9	631.3	1,905.2	693.5	44.7	738.2	1,967.4	676.0	2,643.4
July	1,270.2	633.4	1,903.6	696.1	46.0	742.1	1,966.3	679.4	2,645.7
August	1,269.7	635.6	1,905.4	696.5	47.1	743.6	1,966.2	682.8	2,649.0
September	1,267.8	636.8	1,904.6	697.1	47.9	745.0	1,964.9	684.7	2,649.6
Octobor	1,270.7	639.9	1,910.6	696.3	48.1	744.4	1,967.0	688.0	2,655.0
Novombor	1,271.0	641.3	1,912.3	693.0	48.7	741.7	1,964.0	690.0	2,654.0
Docembor	1,272.1	641.5	1,913.6	691.2	49.0	740.2	1,963.3	690.5	2,653.8
1944 - January	1,272.8	636.4	1,909.2	686.6	49.1	735.7	1,959.4	685.5	2,644.9
Fobruary	1,274.2	638.0	1,912.2	683.1	49.2	732.3	1,957.3	687.2	2,644.5
March	1,274.9	641.0	1,915.9	679.6	49.1	728.7	1,954.5	690.1	2,644.6
April	1,270.2	636.6	1,906.8	674.5	49.0	723.5	1,944.7	685.6	2,630.3

(a) Includes employees on Allied Works Council projects and of Allied Governments, in addition to all other workers engaged in production of war materials and services.

A.W.C. employees first appeared in May, 1942. For employment on A.W.C. projects see Table 5. (b) Includes permanent defence forces. See Section 3 of this Survey for latest available details of not enlistments in the various arms of the Services since the outbreak of war. The figures represent "Gross Enlistments" less discharges and include dead, missing, prisoners of war and wounded. Figures as to enlistments, discharges, etc., in respect of Army are in process of revision and the figures herein will be amended when check is complete.

Not enlistments in the Defence Forces reached a peak in September, 1943 and the total of forces and wage and salary carners employed (excluding rural and household demostic) reached a peak in October, 1943. The total in October, 1943, of 2,655,000 (males 1,967,000 and females 688,000) declined in the following six menths by 24,700 (males 22,300 and females 2,400). The Forces declined by 21,000 and some of the decrease of 4,000 in wage earners was seasonal. A high properties of men released from the Forces have reverted to rural industry, which is not covered by the above table, and some have become employers or returned to their own businesses in non-rural industry and likewise are no longer covered by Table 2.

The numbers of persons employed in July, 1941 and subsequent menths (as shown in the first three columns of the previous table) are dissected in the following table into four large groups of employment -

TABLE 3. AUSTRALIA - Wago Earnors Employed in Industry - (excluding Rural and Household Demostic).

(For totals for each menth see above)

(Thousands)

End of Month -	Governmental Munitions, Air- craft, Ship- building (a)		Other Factorios and Workshops		Government Employment (oxcept Factory)(b)			All Othor (b)		r	
	M. F.	T.	M.	F'.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
1941 - July November 1942 - Nevember 1943 - March April June July August September October Nevember December 1944 - January February March April	51.4 8.7 59.7 11.2 87.0 30.8 92.2 37.8 92.0 38.8 90.9 39.4 89.9 39.6 88.4 38.8 88.0 37.1 86.5 37.1 84.2 35.7 84.2 35.7 81.6 32.5 82.4 33.7 81.6 32.5 82.6 32.6	7 60.1 70.9 117.8 130.0 130.9 130.3 128.9 126.6 125.2 123.6 7 119.9	489.9 491.9 492.4 490.8 493.8 495.4 497.3	210.7 208.0 211.9 211.4 209.9 210.6 211.1 211.7 211.6 210.3 210.4 212.5	709.8	320.6 320.7 322.6 323.8 322.8	109.3 110.2 111.1 112.3	373.1 412.9 414.1 412.6 416.8 423.2 425.5 427.6 428.7 431.9 434.9 433.9 436.9	498.5 384.3 381.4 376.8 375.3 371.4 371.0 369.2 371.7 373.7 376.3 373.4 375.2 374.5	285.1 285.0 283.0 280.7 281.2 282.2 284.7 285.9 288.5 283.4 284.5 285.3	661.8 658.3 652.1 652.2 651.4 656.4 659.6 664.8 656.8

Notes: (a) Includes Government establishments annoxes and cortain private firms engaged exclusively on munitions, aircraft and shipbuilding, but excludes private factories engaged partly on war contracts and partly on other work. (b) Employees on Allied Works Council projects are included as Government Employment or "All Other" according to whether they were working for Governmental authorities or private contractors. Australian civilians employed by Allied Governments and local and somi-government bedies are also included with "Government Employment".

Governmental munitions etc. (which is exclusive munitions manufacture under contract) reached a peak employment level in May, 1943 and by April, 1944 had released 25,000 (males 14,800 and females 10,200). The bulk of this decline has occurred since the Cabinet decided on 1st October, 1943, that large numbers should be transferred to other industries.

During the period October, 1943 - April, 1944, Government employment (incl. Allied) expanded steadily, though Commonwealth Government employment (excluding factories) showed a decrease. "All Other" employment showed little change over the period while "Other Factories" showed slight expansion.

The following table gives an analysis of trends in the components of Government employment.

TABLE 4. AUSTRALIA - Analysis of Government Employment (Thousands)

Month		Comm weal		State etc.		Comp	Common-		Othor Stato and Somi- Govornment (b)		Local		A. nor- ics	Total	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1939 - July		11.4	2.2	36.0	0.8	44.7	9.5	199.1	39.8	58.6	2.9	-	-	349.8	55.2
1941 - July		26.3	7.3	43.0	1.0	60.1	17.5	199.6	42.2	46.3	2.8	-	-	375.3	70.8
1942 - July		43.0	19.6	48.6	1.9	92.7	27.0	185.4	45.6	41.7	3.9	8.9	4.4	420.3	102.4
1943 - July	• •	44.1	26.1	49.4	3.5	94.7	44.1	178.8	49.6	36.1	4.2	9.8	5.9	412.9	133.4
October		40.4	23.6	49.9	3.5	94.5	46.0	177.9	49.8	35.7	4.2	12.4	7.0	410.8	134.1
1944 - Fobruary		36.0	19.6	49.7	3.4	91.9	47.1	179.0	50.9	36.6	4.3	15.3	8.8	408.5	134.1
March		34.7	18.8	49.3	3.3	92.2	47.8	179.5	51.2	36.9	4.4	15.9	8.9	408.5	134.4
April		33.2	17.9	49.5	3.3	91.2	47.8	179.9	51.1	36.7	4.4	15.8	8.9	406.2	133.5
Increase since July, 1939	3	21.8	15.7	13.5	2.5	46.5	38.3	-19.2	11.3	-21.9	1.5	15.8	8.9	56.4	78.3

⁽a) Includes and (b) excludes State employees on loan to Commonwealth. (c) Australian civilians only, including employees on small ships, of the Army, Navy and Red Cross etc. services.

Production of munitions and aircraft accounts for almost the whole war-time expansion of employment in Government factories.

The increases in the numbers of male and female employees shown as "Other Commonwealth" have been analysed as follows:-

"OTHER COMMONWEALTH" EMPLOYMENT (Excluding war and other Commonwealth factories)

74	July, 1939			Ap	ril, 1	944	Increase		
Item	M.	F.	Τ.	M.	F.	Т.	M •	F.	Τ.
The second section of the second seco	1000	1000	'000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Defence and War Departments (a)	2.0	0.5	2.5	25.5	23.9	49.4	23.5	23.4	46.9
Allied Works Employment incl. in									
"Other Commonwealth" Employment				00.4		50.4	00 4		00 1
(Table 4)	-		-	20.4	-	20.4	20.4	1000	20.4
Other Departments and Authorities(b)	42.7	9.0	51.7	45.3	23.9	69.2	2.6	14.9	17.5
TOTAL:	44.7	9.5	54.2	91.2	47.8	139.0	46.5	38.3	84.8

⁽a) Including Rationing and Prices Commissions, War Organization of Industry etc.

It should be noted that almost every section of the "ordinary" departments of the Commonwealth Government is doing work associated with the war effort. A notable point is the extent to which females have been recruited for this work and also for work in the war departments e.g., the P.M.G.'s Department has absorbed 7,000 females since 1939, while Navy, Army and Air Force have over 10,000 females.

⁽b) Including Commonwealth Bank, C.S. & I.R., Australian Broadcasting Commission, etc.

Certain activities of State Governments have been greatly reduced e.g. public works construction. Administrative staffs have been reduced by call-up of mon for military service and by loan to Commonwealth agencies and these losses have been made up in part by temporary employment of women and also in part by recall of retired employees. One phase of State Government activities which has shown great expansion is transport service e.g., railways (excluding workshops and omitting staff on military leave) have shown an increase since June, 1939, of about 5,000 males and 3,000 females. Since July, 1941 education staffs have had a not loss of nearly 1,000 males and net gain of about 6,000 females.

Local Government services have been reduced. Some administrative personnel have been replaced by women.

The table below shows the total numbers of employees actually working on all Allied Works Council projects (whether carried out by private contractors or Governmental authorities) according to returns supplied by the Allied Works Council. It also includes the approximate numbers of men who were on leave from the Civil Construction Corps or in transit to A.W.C. jobs. These men must be added to the numbers actually working to arrive at the total manpower absorbed by the Allied Works Council programme. In addition the table shows, for certain menths, the approximate numbers actually working for Governmental and Somi-Governmental authorities and those working for private contractors. A dissection of the numbers actually working at the end of each menth into Civil Construction Corps, Aliens and other employees has recently been made available by the Allied Works Council and is incorporated in the table.

TABLE 5. EMPLOYMENT ON A.W.C. PROJECTS.

Dato Mombors Other Men on Working for A.W.C. Projects (incl. Govern Private		Empl	ovees actu	ally working	10	Total	Approx.	Numbors
Date Mombors of G.G.C. Alions Other Employees (incl. mon on loave and in transit) Private Contractions (a)		proposate manage and the control of						
July 22 August 31 September 30	Dato	of	Alions	Employees (Non	Total	Projects (incl. mon on leave and in	montal Author-	
June 22 19,207 971 6,798 26,976 (b) (b) (b)	July 22 August 31 September 30 October 28 November 25 December 23 1944 - January 20 February 17 March 30 April 27 May 25	ut available	ot available 1,063 1,034	available 7,049	44,461 43,202 42,708 41,736 40,145 37,614 36,086 33,844 32,018 30,397 28,612	47,400 47,400 48,400 47,300 45,400 42,000 40,400 38,200 36,300 (b) (b)	(b) (b) (b) 25,100 24,300 23,300 22,700 21,500 21,500 20,400 (b)	(b) (b) (b) 16,600 15,800 14,300 13,400 12,300 10,500 10,000 (b)

(a) Including a few working for Local Government bodies. (b) Not available.

3. DEFENCE FORCES

The numbers of persons enlisted in the Defence Forces since the commencement of war are summarized from official records in the following statement. The gross enlistments are shown in the first column while the second column represents the net number taken into Defence Forces and net discharged. It includes deaths, missing, prisoners of war and wounded. This total, with the addition of Permanent Forces, is the significant figure for manpower purposes and has been used in the preceding tables. It shows the net extent to which the Defence Forces have drawn men and we men from civil life. Actually it is a little understated, as a small number of the persons discharged from the Forces are incapacitated, temperarily or permanently, and not fit to resume civil occupations.

TABLE 6. DEFENCE FORCES : AUSTRALIA

Enlisted from commencement of War to 30th April, 1944. (Full-time continuous duty excluding Permanent Defence Personnel)

Sorvicos		Gross Enlistments	Net Enlistments								
MALES		Allementerede hier hij vie die de liet de de voorste de verde verde verde verde verde verde verde verde verde v									
Military - A.I.F. (a) Militia (including Garrison) (a) V.D.C. Air - R.A.A.F. Naval - R.A.N. and R.A.N.A.S.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	437,962(b) 231,886(b) 4,705(b) 180,836 32,310	364,930(b) 109,777(b) 2,776(b) 156,507 28,847								
TOTAL MALES:		887,699	662,837								
FEMALES	FEMALES										
Military - Nurses, A.I.F. (a) Nurses, Militia (a) A.A.M.W.S A.I.F. (a) A.A.M.W.S Militia (a) A.W.A.S. Air - W.A.A.A.F. R.A.A.F. Nursing Sorvice Naval - W.R.A.N.S. and R.A.N.N.S.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,879 1,309 3,273 3,443 22,515 23,430 470 1,912	2,563 495 2,931 2,754 19,510 18,340 470 1,912								
TOTAL FEMALES:		59,231	48,975								

(a) Those figures allow for transfer from Militia to A.I.F. units.

(b) Approximate, subject to revision. See footnote (b) to Table 2.

NOTE

Gross and not enlistments in the R.A.A.F. published in the March Survey should read as follows:-

As at March 31: Gross enlistments R.A.A.F. : 177,811

Not " : 154,657

Total gross enlistments - males : 883,615

" not " : 667,933

The largest increase during April, in the net figures for males occurred in the R.A.A.F. - 1,850. The A.I.F. total decreased by 2,400 after taking into account transfers from the Militia. The net total of the A.I.F. and Militia together declined by 6,900 compared with March. Amongst females the only important changes were an increase of 143 in the net number of W.A.A.F. and a decrease of 280 in the A.W.A.S.

4. DISCHARGES FROM THE FORCES

At the request of the Director General of Manpower, individual particulars of men and wemen discharged from the Forces into civil life as from the 8th Nevember, 1943, have been analysed in specific detail from particulars obtained in respect of each individual from Forms Demat. 1(a) at time of discharge. From 8th Nevember, 1943, to 30th April, 1944, and during April, 1944, the following numbers had been discharged:-

TABLE 7. PERSONS DISCHARGED INTO CIVIL LIFE FROM VARIOUS SERVICES (8th Novembor, 1943 - 30th April, 1944 and during April, 1944)

	s pyraetrikaanan mustis – Oleusen deel in kaan vuonnelly viihenninkussajiilin elemen reisikan.	Malo	S	Fons	ales
Sorv	rico de la companya d	Nov Apr.	April	Nov Apr.	April
Navy Army Air Force A.A.M.W.S.	••	463 36,756 2,080	107 5,587 535	62 1,645 1,211 483 133	19 408 246 104 25
All Nursing Ser	TAL:	39,299	6,229	3,534	802

Reasons for discharge of personnel from the Services during the same periods were as follows:-

TABLE 8. REASONS FOR DISCHARGES FROM SERVICES

Month of April, 1944 and total 8th November, 1943 - 30th April, 1944.

(Personnel discharged from Services into Civil Life)

				MALES	and when all the Production and American American	e de la companya de l	FEMALES (All Services)		
Reason			Month of A		Total				
		Na v y	Army	Air- Force	Total	Nov. 8 -	April 1944	Nov. 8 - Apr.30	
0 1 55 70 70	• •	15 2	2,473 193	270 14	2,758 209	15,270 3,402	23 24	99 85	
Total Manpower Roloasos:		17	2,666	284	2,967	18,672	47	184	
Modical	•	4 62 24	292 1,798 831	18 185 48	314 2,045 903	1,660 13,949 5,018	490 227 38	2,382 694 274	
Total Routine:		90	2,921	251	3,262	20,627	755	3,350	
TOTAL:		1.07	5,587	535	6,229	39,299	802	3,534	

⁽a) Discharged in pursuance of a Cabinet decision to release certain men from all Services for rural industry, and a later decision to release 20,000 men from the Army by June 1944, for rural and other essential industries.

The manner in which discharged personnel were reabsorbed into civil employment is shown below:-

Month of April, 1944 and total 8th November, 1943 - 30th April, 1944.

(Personnel discharged from Services into Civil Life)

		Ma]. o s				
M⊖ans of	**	ower ases	Rout Disch	ine arges	Fom	alos	
re-employment	April	Nov. 8 - Apr.30	April	Nov. 8 Apr.30	April	Nov. 8 - Apr.30	
Reinstated with former employers Resumed apprenticeship Returned to own farm Returned to own business	1,446 2 240 52	9,265 12 1,926 347	965 9 114 168	6,299 47 805 1,285	27 - 1 2	105 1 2 8	
Total reinstated:	1,740	11,550	1,256	8,436	30	116	
Commenced farm on own account Commenced business on own	40	241	56	269	-	2	
account Roloase for specific omployment Othor placed	6 1,132 19	32 6,565 180	50 470 233	252 3,192 1,717	47	121 133	
Total placomonts:	2,937	18,568	2,065	13,866	84	372	
Not requiring work (a) Not known (b)	30	104	169 102	896 5,865	6 0 8 110	2,758 404	
TOTAL:	2,967	18,672	3,262	20,627	802	3,534	

⁽a) Includes we men going to home duties, retirements through ago, permanently disabled, temporarily disabled, commencing full time training, civil detention.

⁽b) Includes all mon requiring work not definitely placed within two wooks after the end of the month in which they were discharged.

Principal industries into which the discharged men and women were re-employed are shown in the following table:-

Month of April, 1944 and total 8th November, 1943 - 30th April, 1944

(Personnel discharged from Services into Civil Life)

	Males				Total Control of the	
Industry	Manpower Releases		Routine Discharges		Fomales	
	April	Nov. 8 - Apr.30	April	Nov. 8 - Apr.30	April	Nov. 8 Apr.30
Dairying	366	2,624	66	397	6	23
Other rural	1,038	6,701	330	2,193	10	40
Food factories	294	2,113	112	731	2	8
Other factories	448	2,627	453	3,016	7	38
Building and construction	70	491	152	1,080	-	4
Transport and communication	184	1,296	243	1,755	4	14
Commerce and finance	132	918	324	2,041	16	48
Other industries	405	1,798	385	2,653	39	197
TOTAL (a):	2,937	18,568	2,065	13,866	84	372

⁽a) Excluding persons not requiring work, and persons not definitely placed within two weeks after the end of the menth in which they were discharged.

S. R. CARVER

ACTING COMMONWEALTH STATISTICIAN

Commonwoalth Bureau of Consus and Statistics,

CANBERRA, A.C.T. 1st August, 1944.